



# **RP-3180** MINI Thermal Printer USER'S MANUAL

MANUAL REVISION V8.1

TVS Electronics Limited

# NOTICE

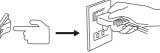


You must use the supplied adapter only. It is dangerous to use other adapters.





Make sure the printer power is off before plug or unplug the cable.





Please don't place the printer in ... d humidity or dusty space, excessived d. humidity and dust may damage it.



 $\bigcirc$ 

Do not putfoods or drinks on the printer, in case that splash into the printer.





The print head has a high temperature after work. Please don't touch the print head or touch the motor shell in case scalded.



Avoid external impact when operating, do not fall the printer down and avoid vigorously impact.



Do not plug or unplug with your hands wet. You can be electrocuted.





Avoid magnetic objects near the printer.



Don't use tweezers, knife, screwdriver or other hard objects touch the heating piece; for the heating piece will be hurt eternally.





Do not put printer on unstable surface.



# INTRODUCTION

The RP-3180 Thermal Printer is designed for use with electronic instruments such as system ECR, POS, banking equipment, computer peripheral equipment, etc.

### The main features of the printer are as follows:

- 1. High speed printing: 180mm per second max.
- 2. Low noise thermal printing.
- 3. RS-232, Parallel, USB interface Selectable.
- 4. The databuffer allows the unit to receive print data even during printing.
- 5. Peripheral units drive circuitenables control of external devices such as cash drawer.
- 6. Bar code printing is possible by using a bar code command.
- 7. Support auto Store Logo or Hello Logo printing.
- 8. Enable to change some functions by DIP Switch.

Please be sure to read the instruction in this manual carefully before using your new RP-3180.

# **WARNING**

Some semiconductor devices are easily damaged by static electricity. You should turn the printer"OFF", before you connect or remove the cables on the rear side, in order to guard the printer against the static electricity. If the printer is damaged by the static electricity, you should turn the printer"OFF".

NOTE: The socket-outlet shall be near the equipment and it shall be easy accessible.

### All specifications are subjected to change without notice.

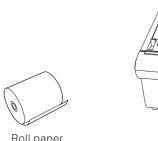
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# **Chapter 1. Setting up the Printer**

## 1-1. Unpacking

Your printer box should include these items. If any items are damaged or missing, please contactyour dealer for assistance.





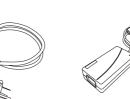
Roll paper





Cable





AC Adapter

## 1-2. Installing the printer

- Avoid locations in direct sunlightor subject to excessive heat.
- Avoid using or storing the printer in places subject to excessive moisture.

Power cord

- Do not use or store the printer in a dusty or dirty area. Avoid places subject to intense vibration or shock.
- Choose a stable and flat place for proper use of the printer.
- Make sure that there is enough space around the printer so that it can be used easily.

## 1-3. Using the Printer

## BUTTON

Press the FEED button once to advance paper one line. You can also hold down the FEED button to feed paper continuously.

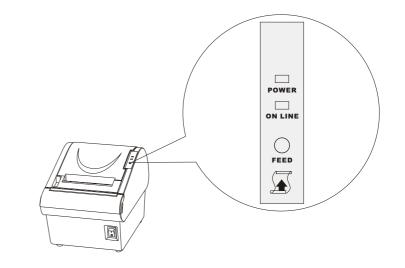
## Panel lights

• POWER

The POWER light(green) is on whenever the printer is on.

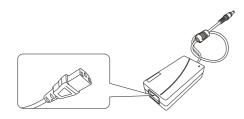
• ON LINE

This light(green) is on when the printer is on line.



# Chapter 2. Connecting the cables

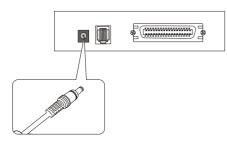
2-1. Connecting the AC Cable



NOTE:To remove the DC cable connector, make sure that the power supply's power cord is unplugged; then grasp the connector at the arrow and pullit straight out.

## 2-2. Connecting the AC adapter to the printer

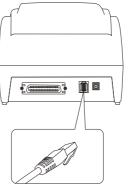
You can connect up the three cables to the printer. They all connect to the connector panel on the back of the printer, which is shown below:

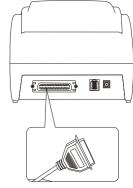


Power Connector Cable

NOTE:Before connecting any of the cables, make sure that both the printer and the host are turned off.

2-3. Connecting Interface Cable and Drawer Cable to the printer





Drawer kick-out Cable

Interface Connector Cable

Connect the Host Computer (POS/ECR) to the printer using an interface cable that matches the specifications of the printer and the Host computer (POS/ECR). Be sure to use a drawer that matches the printer's specification.

- 1). Turn off both the printer and the Host computer (POS/ECR).
- 2). Plug the interface cable connector into the printer's interface connector, then tighten the screws on both sides of the connector. In case of the parallel interface, squeeze the wire dips on the printer together until they lock in place on both sides of the connector.
- 3). Plug the drawer cable into the drawer kick-out connector on the back of the printer next to the interface connector. Do not connect a telephone line to the drawer kick-out connector; otherwise the printer and the telephone line may be damaged.
- 4). Turn on the Printer and Host computer (POS/ECR).

# 

When connecting or disconnecting the power supply from the printer, make sure that the power supply is not plugged into an electrical outlet. Otherwise you may damage the power supply or the printer.

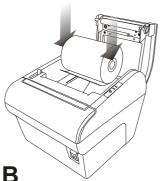
If the power supply's rated voltage and your outlet's voltage do not match, contact your dealer for assistance. Do not plug in the power cord. Otherwise, you may damage the power supply or the printer.

# Chapter 3. Installing the roll paper

## 3-1. Installing or Replacing the Paper Roll

- 1. Make sure that the printer is not receiving data; otherwise, data may be lost.
- 2. Open the paper roll cover by pressing the cover-open button.
- 3. Remove the used paper roll core if there is one.
- 4. Insert the paper roll as shown.
- 5. Be sure to note the correct direction that the paper comes off the roll.
- 6. Pull out a small amount of paper, as shown. Then close the cover.









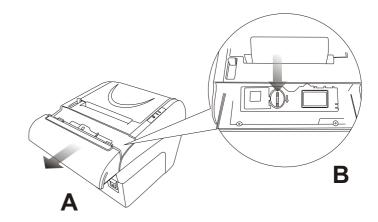
NOTE:Be sure to use paper rolls that meet the specifications. Do not use paper rolls that have the paper glued to the core because the printer cannot detect the paper end correctly.

NOTE:Do not open the print cover while the printer is operating. This may damage the printer.

NOTE: When closing the cover, press the center of printer cover firmly to prevent paper miss-loading

## 3-2. Removing Jammed Paper

- 1. Turn the printer off and press the cover open button.
- 2. Remove jammed paper, reinstall the roll, and close the cover.
- 3. If paper is caught in the cutter and you cannot open the printer cover, open the cutter cover as shown in A.
- 4. Open the cutter cover.
- 5. Turn the knob (as shown in B). Until the cutter blade to the normal position.



- 6. Close the cutter cover.
- 7. Open the printer cover and remove the jammed paper.

NOTE:Do not touch the print head because it can be very hot after printing.

## 3-3. Cleaning the Print Head

Turn off the printer, open the paper roll cover, and clean the thermal elements of the print head with a cotton swab moistened with an alcohol solvent (ethanol, methanol, or IPA).

Recommends cleaning the thermal head periodically (generally every 3 months) to maintain receipt print quality.

NOTE:After printing, the print head can be very hot. Be careful not to touch it and to let it cool before you clean it. Do not damage the print head by touching it with your fingers or any hard object.

# Chapter 4. The self test

The self-test checks whether the printer has any problems. If the printer does not function properly, contact your dealer.

- 1. Make sure paper roll has been installed properly.
- 2. Turn on the power while holding down the FEED button. The self-test begins.
- 3. The printer is ready to receive data when it completes the self-test.

# **Chapter 5. Hexadecimal Dumping**

This feature allows experienced users to see exactly what data is coming to the printer. This can be useful in finding software problems. When you turn on the hexadecimal dump function, the printer prints all commands and data in hexadecimal format along with a guide section to help you find specific commands.

To use the hexadecimal dump function, follow these steps:

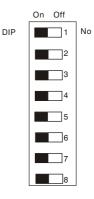
- 1. Make sure that there is a roll paper in the printer.
- 2. After you make sure that the printer is off.
- 3. Turn on the power while holding down the online button, the printer enters the hexadecimal dump mode.
- 4. Run any software program that sends data to the printer. The printer will print all the codes it receives in a two-column format. The first column contains the hexadecimal codes and the second column gives the ASCII characters that correspond to the codes.

# **Chapter 6. DIP Switch Functions**

There is a DIP Switch on the bottom of printer. It is easy to change some functions of the printer through setting DIP pins to [On] or [Off].

The default setting for all DIP pins are [ON] Position.

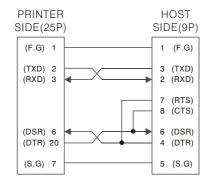
Note: Changes in DIP switch settings are recognized only when the printer power is turned on or when the printer is reset by using the interface. If the DIP switch setting is changed after the printer power is turned on, the change does not effect until the printer is turned on again or is reset.



DIP No	ON/OFF	Function
	On & On	96000bps
DIP1 & DIP2	On & Off	19200bps
Baud Rate select	Off & On	38400bps
	Off & Off	115200bps
DIP3	On	Beeper enable
Beeper enable / disable	Off	Beeper disable
DIP4	On	Print Density Light
Print Density	Off	Print Density Dark
DIP5	On	Auto-cutter enable
Auto-cutter enable / disable	Off	Auto-cutter disable
DIP6	On	Font: 12x24
Default font size select	Off	Font: 9x17
DIP7		Reserved
DIP8		Reserved

# Chapter 7.Interface

## **RS-232C** Cable Connection



## Interface Connector Serial Interface (RS-232)

Pin No.	Signal name	Direction	Function
1	FG	-	Frame Ground
2	TxD	Output	TransmitData
3	RxD	Input	Receive Data
4	RTS	Output	Ready To Send
5	CTS	Input	Clear To Send
6	DSR	Input	Date Set Ready
7	SG	-	Signal Ground
20	DTR	Output	Data Terminal Ready

## Drawer Connector



Pin No.	Signal name	Direction
1	Frame ground	-
2	Drawer Kick-out drive signal 1	Output
3	Drawer open/close signal	Input
4	+24V	-
5	Drawer Kick-out drive signal	Output
6	Signal ground	-

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## Parallel Interface (IEEE-1284)

Pin No.	Source	Compatibility Mode	Nibble Mode	Byte Mode
1	Host	nStrobe	HostClk	HostClk
2	Host/Printer	Data0(LSB)	-	Data0(LSB)
3	Host/Printer	Data1	-	Data1
4	Host/Printer	Data2	-	Data2
5	Host/Printer	Data3	-	Data3
6	Host/Printer	Data4	-	Data4
7	Host/Printer	Data5	-	Data5
8	Host/Printer	Data6	-	Data6
9	Host/Printer	Data7(MSB)	-	Data7(MSB)
10	Printer	nAck	PtrClk	PtrClk
11	Printer	Busy	PtrBusy/Data3,7	PtrBusy
12	Printer	Perror	AckDataReq/Data2,6	AckDataReq
13	Printer	Select	Xflag/Data1,5	Xflag
14	Host	nAutoFd	HostBusy	HostBusy
15	-	NC	NC	NC
16	-	GND	GND	GND
17	-	FG	FG	FG
18	Printer	Logic-H	Logic-H	Logic-H
19~30	-	GND	GND	GND
31	Host	nInit	nlnit	nlnit
32	Printer	nFault	nDataAvail/Data0,4	nDataAvail
33	-	GND	ND	ND
34	Printer	Dk_status	ND	ND
35	Printer	5V	ND	ND
36	Host	nSelectIn	1284-Active	1284-Active

# Chapter 7. Specification

Printing method	Thermal line printing		
Dot density	203 dpi×203 dpi (8×8 dots/mm)		
Printing width	72 mm {2.83"}, 576 dot positions		
Characters per line	48 (default) or 72		
Character size	$1.25 \times 3.00 \text{ mm}$		
Number of characters	Alphanumeric characters: 95		
Print speed	Approx. 150 mm/s {5.9"/s} max.; 47.21ps, max.		
	(3.18 mm {1/8"} feed); 35.5lps, max. (4.23 mm		
	{1/6"} feed, at 24 V, 28°C {82°F}, density level 1).		
	Speed is adjusted automatically depending on the		
	voltage applied andhead temperature.		
Paper feed speed	Approx. 180 mm/s		
	continuous paper feed		
Line spacing (default)	4.23 mm {1/6"}		
Character structure	12 x 24 or 9 x 17		
Paper roll (single-ply)	Size: Width: 79.5 mm $\pm$ 0.5 mm $\{3.13" \pm 0.02"\}$		
	Maximum outside diameter: 83 mm {3.26"}Paper		
	roll spool diameter: Inside: 12 mm {0.47"};		
	Outside: 18 mm {0.71"}		
Interface (compatible)	RS-232C/Bi-directional parallel / USB (OPTION)		
Receive buffer	28KB		
Power supply	+ 24 VDC ± 10%		
Life	Mechanism: 15,000,000 lines		
	Thermal head: 100 million pulses, 100 km		
	Autocutter: 1,500,000 cuts		
MTBF	360,000 hours		
MCBF	52,000,000 lines		
Temperature	Operating: 5°C ~ 45°C {41°F ~113°F }		
	Storage: -10 ℃ ~ 50℃ {14°F ~122°F },		
	except for paper		
Humidity	Operating: 10 to 90% RH		
	Storage: 10 to 90% RH, except for paper		
Overall dimensions	145(W)×192(D)×142(H)mm		
Weight (mass)	Approximately:2kg		
	11.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1		

# Chapter 8.PRINT CONTROL COMMAND

## 8-1 Command List

No.	Command	Description	Hexadecimal Code	Page
1	LF	Printing and paperfeed	<0A>	13
2	CR	Back to printing	<0D>	13
3	ESC !	Select print mode	<1B><21> <n></n>	13
4	ESC *	Specifying the bit image mode	<1B><2A> <m><n1><n2>d1dk</n2></n1></m>	14
5	ESC 2	Specifying 1/6-inch linefeed rate	<1B><32>	15
6	ESC 3	Setting line feed rate of minimum pitch	<1B><33> <n></n>	15
7	ESC 9	Generating the specified pulses	<1B><39> <m><n1><n2></n2></n1></m>	16
8	ESC @	Initializing the printer	<1B><40>	16
9	ESC A	Set line spacing	<1B><41> <n></n>	16
10	ESC D	Select character Double-height mode	<1B><44>	16
11	ESC H	Select character Double-height mode	<1B><48> <n></n>	17
12	ESC I	Select character Double-height mode	<1B><49>	17
13	ESC J	Printing and feedingpaper in minimum pitch	<1B><4A> <n></n>	17
14	ESC L	Selecting page mode	<1B><4C>	17
15	ESC V	Printing bit image	<1B><56> <n1><n2>d1dk</n2></n1>	18
1.6	FROM		<1B><57> <xl><xh><yl><yh></yh></yl></xh></xl>	18
10	16 ESC W	C W Defining the print area in page mode	<dxL> $<$ dxH> $<$ dyL> $<$ dyH>	10
17	ESC X	Select character Double-widthmode	<1B><58> <n></n>	19
18	ESC d	Printing and feedingthe paper by "n" lines	<1B><64> <n></n>	20
19	ESC I	Full cut	<1B><69>	20
20	ESC j	Printing and feedingpaper in minimum pitch	<1B><6A> <n></n>	20
21	ESC m	Partial cut	<1B><6D>	21
22	ESC p	Generating the specified pulses	<1B><70> <m><n1><n2></n2></n1></m>	21
23	ESC M	Select character fonts	<1B><4D> <n></n>	21
24	GS !	Select character size	<1D><21> <n></n>	22
25	GS *	Defining the download bit image	<1D><2A> <n1><n2>d1dk</n2></n1>	23
26	GS /	Printing the downloaded bit image	<1D><2F> <m></m>	23
27	GS V	Cutting the paper	(1)<1D><56> <m> (2)&lt;1D&gt;&lt;56&gt;<m><n></n></m></m>	24
28	GS v 0	Printing of rasterbit image	<1D><76><30> <m><xl><xh> <yl><yh>d1dk</yh></yl></xh></xl></m>	25
29	GS h	Specifying the height of the bar code	<1D><68> <n></n>	26
30	GS k	Printing the barcode	(1)<1D><6B> <m>d1dk<nul> (2)&lt;1D&gt;&lt;6B&gt;<m><n>d1dk</n></m></nul></m>	26
31	FSp	Print NV bitimage	<1C><70> <n></n>	27
32	FSq	Define NV bit image	<1C><71> <n></n>	28

## 8-2 Descriptions of Each Item

[Name]	The name of the command.
[Format]	The code sequence.
[Range]	Gives the allowable ranges for the arguments.
[Description]	Describes the command's function.
[Details]	Describes the usage of the command in detail.
[Default]	Gives the default values, if any, for the command parameters.
[Example]	Gives examples of how to use the command.

Hex indicates the hexadecimal equivalents. Decimal indicates the decimal equivalents.

### 8-3 Control Commands

#### LF

[Name]	Print and line feed		
[Format]	ASCII LF		
	Hex 0A		
	Decimal 10		
[Description]	Prints the data in the print buffer and feeds one line based on the current line spacing.		
[Details] [See Also]	This command sets the print position to the beginning of the line. ESC 2, ESC3		

## CR

[Name]	Print and carriage return		
[Format]	ASCII CR		
	Hex OD		
	Decimal 13		
[Description]	When automatic linefeed is enabled, this command functionsthe same as LF;		
	When automatic line feed is disabled, this command is ignored.		
[Details]	<ul> <li>Sets the print starting position to the beginning of the line.</li> <li>The automatic line feed is ignored with a serial interface model.</li> </ul>		
[See Also]	LF		

#### ESC ! N

[Name]	Select pri	Select print mode(s)		
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	!	n
	Hex	1B	21	n
	Decimal	27	33	n
[Range]	$0 \le n \le 2$	$0 \leqslant n \leqslant 255$		

#### [Description]

Selects print mode(s) using n asfollows:

Bit	Off/On	Hex	Decimal	Function
0				Default font
1	-	-	-	Undefined
2	-	-	-	Undefined
3	-	-	-	Undefined
	Off	00	0	Double-height mode not selected
4	On	10	16	Double-height mode selected
-	Off	00	0	Double-width mode not selected
5	On	20	32	Double-width mode selected
6	-	-	-	Undefined
7	-	-	-	Undefined

### [Details]

[Default]

[See Also]

<ul> <li>When both double-heightand</li> </ul>	double-width modes are selected,
quadruple size characters are	printed.

- The printer can underline all characters.
- When some characters in a line are double or more height, all the characters on the line are aligned at the baseline.
- GS ! can also select character size. However, the setting of the last received command is effective.
- Emphasized mode is effective for alphanumeric and Kanji. All print modes except emphasized mode is effective only for alphanumeric. N = 0GS !

### (1)ESC \* m n1 n2 d1...dk

[Name]	Select bit-i	mage m	node					
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	*	m	n1	n2	d1dk	
	Hex	1B	2A	m	n1	n2	d1dk	
	Decimal	27	42	m	n1	n2	d1dk	
[Range]	m = 0, 1, 3	2,33,0	≤ n1	≤ 25	55,0 ≤	≦ n2 ≤	3, 0 ≤ d ≤ 255	
[Description]	Selects a b	it-imag	emod	de us	ing mf	or the	number of dots spec	ified
		d indica					dot, or set abit to 0to The modes selectab	

	Verti		al Direction	Horizontal Direction		
m	Mode	Number	Dot Density	Dot Density	Number of Data	
		of Dots	(dpi)	(dpi)	(K)	
0	8-dot single-density	8	60	90	n1 + n2 x 2 56	
1	8-dot double-density	8	60	180	n1 + n2 x 2 56	
32	24-dot single-density	24	180	90	(n1 + n2x 256) x3	
33	24-dot double-density	24	180	180	(n1 + n2x 256) x3	

### [dpi: dots per25.4 mm {1"}]

#### [Details]

- If the values of m is out of the specified range, n1 and data following are processed as normal data.
- The n1 and n2 indicate the number of dots of the bit image in the horizontal direction.
- The number of dots is calculated by  $n1 + n2 \times 256$ .
- If the bit-image data input exceeds the number of dots to be printed on aline, the excess data is ignored.
- d indicates the bit-image data. Set a corresponding bit to 1 to print a dot orto 0 tonot print adot.
- After printing a bit image, the printer returns to normal data processing mode.
- This command is not affected by print modes (emphasized, double-strike, underline, character size or white/black reverse printing), except upside-downprinting mode.

#### ESC 2

[Name]	Select defa	ult lines	espacing
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	2
	Hex	1B	32
	Decimal	27	50
[Description]	Selects app	oroxima	ately 4.23mm {1/6"}spacing.
[Details]	The line sp	acingca	can be set independently in standard mode and in
	page mode	).	
[See Also]	ESC 3		

### ESC 3 n

[Name]	Set line sp	acing			
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	3	n	
	Hex	1B	33	n	
	Decimal	27	51	n	
[Range]	$0 \le n \le 25$	5			
[Description] [Details]	<ul> <li>The line sp page mode</li> <li>In standard</li> <li>The maxim feed amou</li> </ul>	acingca e. d mode, um pape nt of 1016mn	the ve	setind rtical Lamo	tical orhorizontal motion unit]. ependently in standardmode and in motionunit (y) is used. unt is 1016mm {40"}. Even if a paper t, the printer feeds the paper only
[Default]	Approx 4.2	2	/6"}.		
[See Also]	ESC 2	ε ( ·	, <b>-</b> j ·		

#### [See Also]

#### ESC 9 m n1 n2

[Name]	Generating	the sp	ecified	pulse	es	
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	9	m	n1	n2
	Hex	1B	39	m	n1	n2
	Decimal	27	57	m	n1	n2
[Range]	m = 0, 0 ≤	$n1 \leq 2$	55,0 \$	≤ n2 ≮	≤ 255	
[Description]	The signals pin specifie			n1 a	nd n2	are outputto the connector

#### ESC @

[Name]	Initialize pr	inter	
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	@
	Hex	1B	40
	Decimal	27	64
[Description]	Clears the	data in th	ne print buffer and resets the printer mode to the
	mode that	wasin ef	fect when the power was turned on.
[Details]	<ul> <li>The data in</li> </ul>	the rece	eive bufferis not cleared.
	<ul> <li>The macro</li> </ul>	definitio	nis not cleared.
	<ul> <li>The NV bitimage data is not cleared.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>The data of</li> </ul>	fthe NV i	usermemory is not cleared.

### ESC A n

[Name]	Set line sp	acing			
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	Α	n	
	Hex	1B	41	n	
	Decimal	27	65	n	
[Range]	$0 \le n \le 25$	55			
[Description] [Details] [Default] [See Also]	<ul> <li>The line sp page mode</li> <li>In standard</li> <li>The maxim</li> </ul>	acing ca e. d mode, um pape l amount paper on	the ve erfeed tof mo	setinc rtical d amo ore tha	ertical orhorizontal motion unit]. dependently in standard mode and in motion unit (y) is used. unt is 1016 mm {40"}. Even if a an 1016 mm {40"}is set, the printer {40"}.

### ESC D

[Name]	Select cha	racter D	ouble-h	eightmoc	de	
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	D			
	Hex	1B	44			
	Decimal	27	68			
[Description]	Select cha	racter D	ouble-h	eightmoc	de.	

#### ESC H n

[Name]	Select character Double-heightmode				
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	Н	n	
	Hex	1B	48	n	
	Decimal	27	72	n	
[Range]	$1 \leq n \leq 8$				
[Description]	Select character Double-heightmode.				

### ESC I

[Name]	Select char	acter Do	ouble-heightmode
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	I
	Hex	1B	49
	Decimal	27	73
[Description]	Select char	acter Do	ouble-heightmode.

### ESC J n

[Name] [Format]	Print and feed paper ASCII ESC J n
[ ]	Hex 1B 4An
	Decimal 27 74 n
[Range]	0 = n = 255
[Description]	Prints the data in the print buffer and feed the paper [nx vertical or horizontal motionunit].
[Details]	<ul> <li>After printing is completed, this command sets the print starting position to the beginning of the line.</li> </ul>
	• The paper feed amount set by this command does not affect the values set by ESC 2 or ESC 3.
	<ul> <li>In standard mode, the printer uses the vertical motion unit (y).</li> <li>The maximum line spacing is 1016mm {40"}. When the setting</li> </ul>

value exceeds the maximum, it is converted to the maximum automatically.

### ESC L

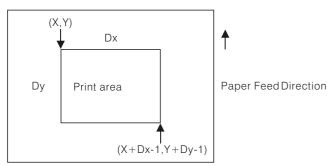
[Name] [Format]	Select page mode ASCII ESC L Hex 1B 4C Decimal 27 76
[Description] [Details]	<ul> <li>Switches from standard mode to page mode.</li> <li>This command is enabled only when processed at the beginning of a line in standard mode.</li> <li>This command has no effect in page mode.</li> <li>The following command is not available in page mode, Print raster bit image: GS v 0</li> <li>The printer returns to standard mode when power is turned on, the printer is reset, or ESC @ is used.</li> </ul>

### ESC V n1 n2 d1...dk

[Name]	Printing bit i	mage						
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	/ n1	n2	d1dk			
	Hex		6 n1	n2				
	Decimal		6 n1	n2	d1dk			
[Range]	0 ≤ n1,n2 ≤							
Description]	,				caldirection.			
			t signific	cant by	teand n2 represents the mo			
	significant b	-						
[Dotaila]					gnored when $n1=n2=0$ .			
[Details]		0	0		I n2. The amount of image			
	data is as follows: Amount of image data = $(n^2 \times 256 + n^1) \times 72$ bytes							
	• The data following n1 and n2 is printed out entirely as image data.							
	<ul> <li>Enter the datafrom the leftmost of the top dot line to the bottom dot line</li> </ul>							
	aotimoi	fyhit iman	o withou	tontori	ng CR or LF after inputting			
	<i>,</i> ,	, 0			5 I S			
	characters for a rangenot exceeding one line, the characters of that line and the bit image are overlapped when printed out. At this							
	time, all modifications to characters are valid. Note that the							
	characters are not normally printed out when overlapped unless a							
	value more than the character height is specified by n2 x n1. You							
	can not overlap bit images with stamps or ruler lines. If you specify							
	bit images, the stamp or the ruler line is suspended. After the bit							
	0				amps orruler line restarts.			
		,						
	بليم إيرام الرار	المراب ا						
ESC W xLxH		ayrayn						

[Name] [Format]	Defining the printarea in pagemode ASC II ESC W xL xH yL yH dxL dxH dyL dyH Hex 1B 57 xL xH yL yH dxL dxH dyL dyH Decimal 27 87 xL xH yL yH dxL dxH dyL dyH
[Range]	0 = xL, xH, yL, yH, dxL, dxH, dyL, dyH = 255 except for dxL = dxH = 0 or dyL = dyH = 0
[Description]	<ul> <li>Defines the location and size of the print area.</li> <li>Horizontal start point = [(xL + xH x 256) x basic calculation pitch] inches</li> </ul>
[Details]	<ul> <li>Vertical start point = [(yL + yH x256) x basic calculation pitch] inches</li> <li>Horizontal length = [(dxL + dxHx 256) x basic calculation pitch] inches</li> <li>Vertical length = [(dyL + dyH x 56) x basic calculation pitch] inches</li> <li>When standard mode is selected, this command only executes the internal flagging of the printer without affecting the printing in standard mode.</li> <li>If the horizontal start point or vertical start point is out of the printable area, this command is canceled and the next data is handled as normal data.</li> </ul>

- If the horizontal length or vertical length is 0, this command is canceled and the next data is handled as normal data.
- If the "horizontal start point + horizontal length" is greater than the horizontal printable area, the "horizontal printable areahorizontal start point" is taken as the horizontal length.
- If the "vertical start point + vertical length" is greater than the vertical printable area, the "ertical printable area vertical start point" is taken as the vertical length.
- Fractions resulting from calculations are corrected with the minimum pitch of the mechanism, and the remainder are omitted.
- The horizontal start point and horizontal length are calculated with the basic calculation pitch (x). The vertical start point and vertical length are calculated with the basic calculation pitch (y).
- When the horizontal starting position , vertical starting position, printing area width, and printing area height are defined as X, Y, Dx, and Dy respectively, the printing area is set as shown in the figure below.



• This printable areafor this printer is approximately 72.2 mm  $\{512/180^{"}\}$  in the horizontal direction and approximately 117.3 mm  $\{1662/360^{"}\}$  in the vertical direction. XL = xH = yL = yH = 0 dxL = 0, dxH = 2, dyL = 126, dyH = 6

## [Default]

#### ESC X n

[Name]	Select chara	acter Do	uble-	widthmode
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	Х	n
	Hex	1B	58	n
	Decimal	27	88	n
[Range]	$1 \leq n \leq 8$			
[Description]	Select chara	acter Do	uble-	widthmode.

### ESC d n

[Name]	Print and fe	edn lin	es		
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	d	n	
	Hex	1B	64	n	
	Decimal	27	100	n	
[Range]	$0 \leqslant n \leqslant 25$	5			
[Description]	Prints the c	lata in th	ne print	buffer a	and feedsn lines.
[Details]					tingposition to thebeginning of
	<ul> <li>This comm or ESC 3.</li> </ul>	and doe	esnot a	ffect th	eline spacing set by ESC 2
	feed amou specified, t	nt (nx lii he print	ne spac	ing) of	t is 1016 mm {40"}. If the paper more than 1016 mm {40"} is aperonly 1016 mm {40"}.
[See Also]	ESC 2, ES	С3			

#### ESC I

[Name]	Full cut				
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	i		
	Hex	1B	69		
	Decimal	27	105		
[Description]	Cut the pa	perfull	у.		
[Details]	0	0.1	0	nd paper feedingis stopped. Ny whenan auto-cutter is connec	ted.

### ESC j n

[Name]	Print and feed paper				
[Format]	ASCII ESC j n				
	Hex 1B 6A n				
	Decimal 27 106 n				
[Range]	$0 \le n \le 255$				
[Description]	Prints the data in the printbuffer and feed the paper [nx vert horizontal motionunit].	ical or			
[Details]	<ul> <li>After printing is completed, this command sets the print start position to the beginning of the line.</li> </ul>	ing			
	<ul> <li>The paper feed amount set by this command does not affect the values set by ESC 2 or ESC 3.</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>In standard mode, the printer uses the vertical motion unit (y</li> <li>The maximum line spacing is 1016mm {40"}. When the settir value exceeds the maximum, it is converted to the maximum automatically.</li> </ul>	/			

#### ESC m

[Name]	Partial cut					
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	m			
	Hex	1B	6D			
	Decimal	27	109			
Description]	Cut the pa	perpar	tially.			
[Details]	During cu	tting, pr	intingar	id paper fe	edingis sto	pped.

This command is valid only when an auto-cutter is connected.

#### ESC p m n1 n2

[Name]	Generating	g the sp	ecifie	dpuls	ses		
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	р	m	n1	n2	
	Hex	1B	70	m	n1	n2	
	Decimal	27	112	m	n1	n2	
[Range]	m = 0, 0 ≤	$\le$ n1 $\le$ 2	255,0	≪ n2	$\leq 255$		
[Description]	The signal to the con						re output

### ESC M n

[Name] [Format] [Range] [Description]	Select cha ASCII Hex Decimal n =0,1,48 Selects ch	ESC   1B 4 27 49	M 4D 77	n n n		
	N Fu	unction				

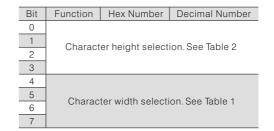
1 1	I unction
0,48	Character font A (12 x 24) selected.
1,49	Character font B (9 x 17) selected.

[Details]

The *ESC* ! command can also select the character fonts. However, the setting of the last received command is effective.

#### GS ! N

[Name]	Select character size
[Format]	ASCII GS ! n
	Hex 1D 21 n
	Decimal 29 33 n
[Range]	$0 \leq n \leq 255$
	$(1 \le \text{vertical number of times} \le 8, 1 \le \text{horizontal number of}$
	times $\leq$ 8)
[Description]	Selects the characterheight using bits0 to 2 and selects the
	character width usingbits 4 to7, as follows:



#### Table 1 Character Width Selection

#### Table 2 Character Height Selection

Hex	Decimal	Width
00	0	1 x (Standard)
10	16	2 x (Double width)
20	32	3 x
30	48	4 x
40	64	5 x
50	80	6 x
60	96	7 x
70	112	8 x

n = 0

ESC !

Hex	Decimal	Width
00	0	1 x (Standard)
01	1	2 x (Doubleheight)
02	2	3 x
03	3	4 x
04	4	5 x
05	5	6 x
06	6	7 x
07	7	8 x

[Details]

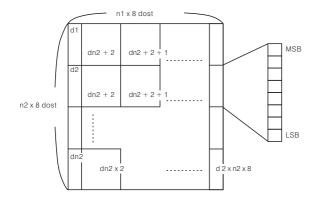
• If n isoutside of the defined range, this command is ignored.

- In standard mode, the vertical direction is the paperfeed direction, and the horizontal direction is perpendicular to the paperfeed direction. However, when character orientation changes in 90. clockwise-rotation mode, the relationship between vertical and horizontal directions are reversed.
- In page mode, vertical and horizontal directions are based on the character orientation.
- When characters are enlarged with different sizes on one line, all the characters on the line is aligned at the baseline.
- The ESC ! command can also turn double-width and double-height modes on or off. However, the setting of the last received command is effective.

[Default]	
[See Also]	

#### GS \* n1 n2 d1...d(n1x n2 x 8)

[Name] [Format]	Define downloaded bitimage ASCII GS * n1 n2 d1d(n1x n2 x8) Hex 1D 2A n1 n2 d1d(n1x n2 x8)							
	Decimal 29 42 n1 n2 d1d(n1x n2 x8)							
[Range]	1 $\leqslant$ n1 $\leqslant$ 255, 1 $\leqslant$ n2 $\leqslant$ 48, n1 x n2 $\leqslant$ 1536 , 0 $\leqslant$ d $\leqslant$ 255							
[Description]	Defines a downloaded bit image using the number of dots specified by n1 and n2							
	<ul> <li>n1 specifies the number of dots in the horizontal direction.</li> <li>n2 specifies the number of dots in the vertical direction.</li> </ul>							
[Details]	• The number of dots in the horizontal direction is n1 x 8, in the vertical direction it is n2 x 8.							
	<ul> <li>If n1 xn2 is out of the specified range, this command is disabled.</li> <li>The d indicates bit-image data. Data (d) specifies a bit printed to 1</li> </ul>							
	and not printed to 0.							
	<ul> <li>The downloaded bitimage definition is cleared when:</li> <li>1. ESC @ is executed.</li> </ul>							
	2. Printer is reset or the power is turned off.							
	<ul> <li>The following figure shows the relationship between the downloaded bit image and the printed data.</li> </ul>							



[See Also]

GS/

### GS / m

[Name]	Print downloaded bitimage					
[Format]	ASCII GS / m					
	Hex 1D 2F m					
	Decimal 29 47 m					
[Range]	$0 \leqslant m \leqslant 3, 48 \leqslant m \leqslant 51$					
[Description]	Prints a downloaded bit image using the mode specified by m. Modes that can be selected by "m" are shown below.					

m	Mode Name	Dot Density in	Dot Density in
	wode wame	Vertical Direction	Horizontal Direction
0,48	NORMAL MODE	203 DPI	203 DPI
1,49	DOUBLE WIDTH MODE	203 DPI	101 DPI
2,50	DOUBLE HEIGHT MODE	101 DPI	203 DPI
3,51	QUADRUPLE SIZE MODE	101 DPI	101 DPI

[Details]
-----------

• When data exist in the print buffer, this command is ignored.

- When a downloaded bit image has not been defined, this command is ignored.
- A portion of a downloaded bit image exceeding one line length is not printed.
- A downloaded character and a downloaded bit image cannot be defined simultaneously. **GS \***

[See Also]

#### (1) GSV m (2) GSV m n

Select cut mode and cut paper							
(1) ASCII GS V m							
Hex 1D 56 m							
Decimal 29 86 m							
(2) ASCII GS V m n							
Hex 1D 56 m n							
Decimal 29 86 m n							
(1) m = 1, 49							
(2) m = 66, 0 $\leq$ n $\leq$ 255							
Performs the specified paper cutting.							
m Print mode							
1, 49 Partial cut (onepoint left uncut)							
Feeds paper (cuttingposition + [nx (vertical motion unit)]),							
66 and cuts the paper partially (one point left uncut).							
For (1) and (1) :							
• This command is effective only processed at the beginning of a line.							
For (1):							
<ul> <li>Only the partial cut is available; there is no full cut.</li> </ul>							
For (2):							
<ul> <li>When n = 0, the printerfeeds the paper to the cutting position and cuts it.</li> </ul>							
• When $n \neq 0$ , the printerfeeds the paperto (cutting position + [n x vertical mation unit)) and outs it							
vertical motion unit]) and cuts it.							
• The paper feed amount is calculated using the vertical motion							
unit (y). However, the value cannot be less than the minimum horizontal movement amount, and it must be in even units of the							
minimum horizontal movement amount.							

#### GS v 0 m xL xHyL yH d1...dk

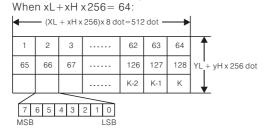
[Name]	Printing of raster bit image						
[Format]	ASCII GS v 0 m xL xH yL yH d1dk						
	Hex 1D 76 30 m xL xH yL yH d1dk						
	Decimal 29 118 48 m xL xH yL yH d1dk						
[Range]	$0\leqslant m\leqslant 3$ , $48\leqslant m\leqslant 51$ , $0\leqslant xL\leqslant 255$ , $0\leqslant xH\leqslant 255$ ,						
	$0 \leqslant yL \leqslant 255, 0 \leqslant yH \leqslant 8, 0 \leqslant d \leqslant 255,$						
	$k = (xL+xH \times 256)x$ (yL+yH x256), however, $k \neq 0$						
[Description]	Prints raster bitimages in mode "m" .						

	m		Dot Density in	Dot Density in
		Mode Name	Vertical Direction	Horizontal Direction
	0,48	NORMAL MODE	203 DPI	203 DPI
	1,49	DOUBLE WIDTH MODE	203 DPI	101 DPI
	2,50	DOUBLE HEIGHT MODE	101 DPI	203 DPI
	3,51	QUADRUPLE SIZE MODE	101 DPI	101 DPI

- xL, xH specify the number of data in horizontal direction of the bit image to (xL+xHx 256) bytes.
- yL, yH specify the number of data in vertical direction of the bit image to (yL+yHx 256) bytes.
- In STANDARD MODE, this command is valid onlywhen there is no print data in the print buffer.
- Any of the print modes (Character size, emphasis, double strike, inverting, underlining, back-to-white reversing, etc.) does not affect the raster bit image.
- If the print area specified by GS L and GS W is narrower than a minimum width, the print area for that line only is extended to the minimum width. The minimum width is one dot in NORMAL MODE (m=0, 48) and DOUBLE HEIGHTMODE (m=2,50), and 2 dots in DOUBLE WIDTH MODE (m=1,49) and QUADRUPLE SIZE MODE (m=3, 51).
- Any part of data that isout of the print area isonly read and discarded in units of dot.
- The setting of ESC a (Aligning characters) are also valid for the raster bit image.
- If this command is executed during macro definition, the macro definition is suspended, and the processing of the command starts. The macro is left undefined.
- "d" denotes defined data. Dots to be printed are specified as "1" and those notto be printed as "0" .

#### [Example]

[Details]



### GShn

[Name]	Define downloaded bit image				
[Format]	ASCII	GS	h	n	
	Hex	1D	68	n	
	Decimal	29	104	n	
[Range]	$1 \leq n \leq 25$	5			
[Description]	Selects the height of the bar code.				
	n specifies	thenu	umber	of dots	sin the vertical direction.
[Details]	N = 162				
[See Also]	GS k				

#### (1) GS k m d1...dk NUL (2) GS k m n d1...dn

[Name]	Print the bar	code					
[Format]	(1) ASCII	GS	V	m	d1dk	Nul	
	Hex	1D	6B	m	d1dk	00	
	Decimal	29	107	m	d1dk	0	
	(2) ASCII	GS	k	m	n	d1dn	
	Hex	1D	6B	m	n	d1dn	
	Decimal	29	107	m	n	d1dn	
[Range]	(1) $0 \leqslant m \leqslant 6$ (k and d depends on the bar code system used)						
	(2) $65 \le m \le 73$ (n and d depends on the bar code system used)						
[Description]	Selects a barcode system and prints the barcode. m selects a bar code system as follows:						

#### For (1):

m	Bar Code System	Number of Characters	Remarks
2	JAN13 (EAN13)	$12 \leqslant k \leqslant 13$	$48 \leqslant d \leqslant 57$
3	JAN 8 (EAN8)	$7 \leqslant k \leqslant 8$	$48 \leqslant d \leqslant 57$
4	CODE39	l 1≤k	$\begin{array}{l} 48 \leqslant d \leqslant 57, 65 \leqslant d \leqslant 90,\\ 32, 36, 37, 43, 45, 46, 47 \end{array}$

#### For (2) :

For (1):

m	Bar Code System	Number of Characters	Remarks
67	JAN13 (EAN13)	$12 \leq k \leq 13$	$48 \le d \le 57$
68	JAN 8 (EAN8)	$7 \leq k \leq 8$	$48 \leqslant d \leqslant 57$
69	CODE39	1 ≤ k≤255	$48 \leqslant d \leqslant 57, 65 \leqslant d \leqslant 90,$
09	CODE39	I ≪ K≪200	32, 36, 37, 43, 45, 46, 47
73	CODE128	$2 \le k \le 255$	$0 \leq d \leq 127$

#### [Details]

- This command ends with a NULcode.
- When the barcode system used is JAN13 (EAN13), the printer prints the barcode after receiving 13 bytes barcode data and processes the following data as normal data.
- When the bar code system used is JAN8 (EAN8), the printer prints the bar code after receiving 8 bytes bar code data and processes the following data as normal data.

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#### For (2):

- n indicates the number of bar code data, and the printer processes n bytes from the next character data as bar code data.
- If n is outside of the specified range, the printer stops command processing and processes the following data as normal data.
   In standard mode:
- If d is outside of the specified range, the printer only feeds paper and processes the following data as normal data.
- If the horizontal size exceeds printing area, the printer only feeds the paper.
- This command feeds as much paper as is required to print the bar code, regardless of the line spacing specified by ESC 2 or ESC 3.
- This command is enabled only when no data exists in the print buffer. When data exists in the print buffer, the printer processes the data following m as normal data.
- After printing barcode, this command sets the print position to the beginning of the line.

### In page mode:

- This command develops bar code data in the print buffer, but does not print it. After processing bar code data, this command moves the print position to the right side dot of the bar code.
- If d is out of the specified range, the printer stops command processing and processes the following data as normal data. In this case the data buffer position does not change.
- If bar code width exceeds the printing area, the printer does not print the bar code but moves the data buffer position to the left side out of the printing area.

#### FSpnm

[Name]	Print NV b	itima	ge		
[Format]	ASC II	FS	р	n	m
	Hex	1C	70	n	m
	Decimal	28	11:	2 n	m
[Range]	$1 \leqslant n \leqslant 4$				
	$0 \le m \le 3$	, 48 ≤	≦m ≤	≦51 ,	

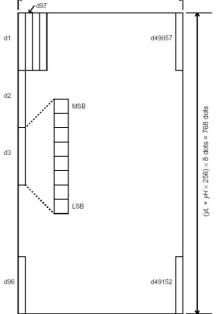
[Description]	Prints a NV bit image nusing the mode specified by m.
---------------	---

m	Mode	Vertical Dot Density	Horizontal Dot Density
0,48	Normal	203 DPI	203 DPI
1,49	Double-width	203 DPI	101 DPI
2,50	Double-heigh	101 DPI	203 DPI
3,51	Quadruple	101 DPI	101 DPI

N is the number of the NV bit image. M specifies the bit image mode.

#### FS q n [xL xH yLyH d1...dk]1...[xL xH yL yH d1...dk]n

[Name] [Format]	Define NV bitimage ASC II FS q n [xLxH yL yDd1dk]1 Hex 1C 71 n [xL xH yL yD d1dk]1 Decimal 28 113 n [xL xH yL yD d1dk]1
[Range]	beciniai 28 Histi (xL xHyL yD d1dk) $1 \le n \le 4$ $0 \le xL \le 72$ xH=0 $0 \le yL \le 255$ $0 \le yL \le 1$ (when 1≤(yL+yH x 256)≤ 288) $0 \le d \le 255$ $k=(xL + xHx 256) \times (yL+yH x 256) \times 8$ Total defined data area = 2Mbits (256K bytes)
[Description]	<ul> <li>Define the NV bit image specified by n</li> <li>N specifies the number of the defined NV bit image .</li> <li>XL, xH specifies (xL+xH x 256) x8 dots in the horizontal direction for the NV bit image you are defining.</li> <li>YL, yH specifices (yL+yH x 256) x 8 dots in the vertical direction for the NV bit image you are defining.</li> </ul>
[Example]	When $xL = 64$ , $xH = 0$ , $yL = 96$ , $yH = 0$ ( $xL + xH \times 256$ ) $\times 8$ dots = 512 dots



# **Chapter 10. Printer Driver**

## 10-1. How to use Logo Download Tool

RP-3180 receipt printer supports Store Logo printing. You can download max four images into printer and select which one to print on receipt.

- 1) Install the driver for Logo Download Tool on Computer.
- 2) Run [Logo Download Tool].
- 3) Select the correct connected port of printer. The default port is LTP1.
- 4) Click [Openfile] to select a image.
- NOTE: \* The image must be Monochrome BMP file.
  - \* The Size of Monochrome BMP filemust be less than 576x2304 dots.
  - \* The height should be in multiple of 8 dots in Monochrome BMP file.

\* Herewith, strongly recommend to use *Microsoft Paint Tool* to edit image file. Otherwise, the printer will be failed to download or print.

睂 Logo DownLoad Tool	
Port Select Port : LPT1 Bps : 9600 Print Bmp	Preview
OpenFile Download Bmp	WAL*MART
Printer Mode Normal C Double-width Double- height C Quadruple	bmp file information     Monochrome Bmp file size       width     300     <= 576 bit       height     200     <= 2304 bit

- 5) Click [downloadbmp], and wait the printer to save the data.
- 6) After the printer download the image successfully, you can preview the image on the frame and the bmp file information as well.
- Click [PrintBmp] button to check the printing effect.
   There are four Printing Mode options: Normal, Double-width, Doubleheight and Quadruple. The default mode is Normal printing.
- 8) Select [1] to download the first image.
   Select [2] to download the second image.
   Select [3] to download the third image.
   Select [4] to download the fourth image.

Printer Mode	bmp file information		Monochrome Bmp file siz
	width	< = 576 bit	must be less than 576 x 2304 The height
C Double- height C Quadruple	height	< = 2304 bit 1	should be in multiple of 8
	neight	< = 2304 bit 1	bits in bmp file
		4	4

Note: The images will be saved into the flash memory of printer. Any new download operation will overwrite the former image. Please use RP-3180 printer driver to set the image printing mode.

## 10-2.Setting Printer Properties

The printer driver software can be found from CD disk packaged with printer.

1) Install the printer driver software.

The printer driver should be installed according to following steps:

- Go to [Printers and Faxes] folder, click [Add aprinter];
- Click [next] according to the direction of installation;
- Click [have disk...], to find & open \*.inffile of printer driver. See Pic 10.2-1
- And then start to install the printer software. See Pic 10.2-2





2) After install the software successfully, open [Printing Preferences...].

TVS Printer RP-3180	)
~	
Location:	
Comment:	
Model: TVS Printer RP-3180	
Features	
Color: No	Paper available:
Double-sided: No	80mm x 297mm
Staple: No	
Speed: 2 ppm	
Maximum resolution: 203 dpi	
Printing	Preferences Print Test Page

Pic 10.2-3

 Open [Printing Preferences...]and [Advance] to go to Advanced Options. Now, you can reset the Document Options by select the right items. See Pic 10.2-4.

TVS Printer RP-3180 Advanced Document Settings         Paper/Output         Paper Size: <u>80mm x 297mm</u> Copy Count: <u>1 Copy</u> Document Options         Advanced Printing Features: <u>Enabled</u> Halftoning: <u>Auto Select</u> ? mm to Feed Before Cut (30mm ~ 100mm): <u>30</u> Print Full Pages?: <u>NO</u> When to Cut Paper?: <u>Never</u> When to Pop Cashbox?: <u>Never</u> Which logo to print on top of a doc?: <u>1st</u> The size of the logo on bottom of a doc?: <u>Normal</u>	5 Printe	r RP-3180 Advanced Options	
Paper Size: <u>80mm × 297mm</u> Copy Count: <u>1 Copy</u> Document Options Advanced Printing Features: <u>Enabled</u> Halftoning: <u>Auto Select</u> ? mm to Feed Before Cut (30mm ~ 100mm): <u>30</u> Print Full Pages?: <u>NO</u> When to Cut Paper?: <u>Never</u> When to Cut Paper?: <u>Never</u> Which logo to print on top of a doc?: <u>1st</u> The size of the logo on top of a doc?: <u>[2nd]</u>	爹 TVS Pri	nter RP-3180 Advanced Document Settings	
Copy Count: <u>1 Copy</u> Advanced Printing Features: <u>Enabled</u> Halftoning: <u>Auto Select</u> ? mm to Feed Before Cut (30mm ~ 100mm): <u>30</u> Print Full Pages?: <u>NO</u> When to Cut Paper?: <u>Never</u> When to Pape Cashbox?: <u>Never</u> When to Pape Cashbox?: <u>Never</u> When to pop Cashbox?: <u>Never</u> When to pop the logo on top of a doc?: <u>1st</u> The size of the logo on top of a doc?: <u>2nd</u>	🖨 🎝 Pap	er/Output	
Document Options     Advanced Printing Features: Enabled     Halftoning: Auto Select     ? mm to Feed Before Cut (30mm ~ 100mm): <u>30</u> Print Full Pages?: <u>NO</u> When to Cut Paper?: <u>Never</u> When to Pop Cashbox?: <u>Never</u> Which logo to print on top of a doc?: <u>Ist</u> The size of the logo on top of a doc?: <u>Send</u> Which logo to print on bottom of a doc?: <u>Send</u>		Paper Size: 80mm × 297mm	
Advanced Printing Features: Enabled Halftoning: <u>Auto Select</u> ? mm to Feed Before Cut (30mm ~ 100mm): <u>30</u> Print Full Pages?: <u>NO</u> When to Cut Pager?: <u>Never</u> When to Pop Cashbox?: <u>Never</u> Which logo to print on top of a doc?: <u>Ist</u> The size of the logo on top of a doc?: <u>Normal</u> Which logo to print on bottom of a doc?: <u>2nd</u>		Copy Count: <u>1 Copy</u>	
Halftoning: <u>Auto Select</u> ? mm to Feed Before Cut (30mm ~ 100mm): <u>30</u> Print Full Pages?: <u>NO</u> When to Cut Paper?: <u>Never</u> When to Pop Cashbox?: <u>Never</u> Which logo to print on top of a doc?: <u>1st</u> The size of the logo on top of a doc?: <u>Normal</u> Which logo to print on bottom of a doc?: <u>2nd</u>	🗄 🐌 Doo	ument Options	
? mm to Feed Before Cut (30mm ~ 100mm): <u>30</u> Print Full Pages?: <u>NO</u> When to Cut Paper?: <u>Never</u> When to Pop Cashbox?: <u>Never</u> Which logo to print on top of a doc?: <u>1st</u> The size of the logo on top of a doc?: <u>[2nd]</u>		Advanced Printing Features: Enabled	
Print Full Pages?: <u>NO</u> When to Cut Paper?: <u>Never</u> When to Pop Cashbox?: <u>Never</u> Which logo to print on top of a doc?: <u>1st</u> The size of the logo on top of a doc?: <u>Normal</u> Which logo to print on bottom of a doc?: <u>2nd</u>		Halftoning: Auto Select	
When to Cut Paper?: Never         When to Pop Cashbox?: Never         Which logo to print on top of a doc?: 1st         The size of the logo on top of a doc?: Normal         Which logo to print on bottom of a doc?: 2nd		? mm to Feed Before Cut (30mm ~ 100mm): <u>30</u>	
When to Pop Cashbox?: <u>Never</u> Which logo to print on top of a doc?: <u>1st</u> The size of the logo on top of a doc?: <u>Normal</u> Which logo to print on bottom of a doc?: <u>2nd</u> v		Print Full Pages?: <u>NO</u>	
Which logo to print on top of a doc?: 1st         The size of the logo on top of a doc?: Normal         Which logo to print on bottom of a doc?: 2nd		When to Cut Paper?: <u>Never</u>	
The size of the logo on top of a doc?: <u>Normal</u> Which logo to print on bottom of a doc?: 2nd		When to Pop Cashbox?: <u>Never</u>	
Which logo to print on bottom of a doc?:		Which logo to print on top of a doc?: 1st	
		The size of the logo on top of a doc?: Normal	
The size of the logo on bottom of a doc?: <u>Normal</u>		Which logo to print on bottom of a doc?: 2nd 🗸 🗸	
		The size of the logo on bottom of a doc?: Normal	
OK Cancel		OK Car	ncel

